

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE  
AT KNOXVILLE**

CASEY LEON COLBERT, )  
                            )  
                            ) Case No. 3:18-cv-469  
*Plaintiff,*           )  
                            )  
                            ) Judge Travis R. McDonough  
v.                        )  
                            )  
                            ) Magistrate Judge H. Bruce Guyton  
NORTHEAST CORRECTIONS, G. )  
CROWELL, RONALD CARTER, BECKY )  
WRIGHT, TROY DOLLAR, and JOHN )  
AND JANE DOES,             )  
                            )  
*Defendants.*           )

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**MEMORANDUM OPINION**

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This is a *pro se* prisoner's complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On August 1, 2019, the Court entered an order requiring Plaintiff to show cause within fourteen days why this action should not be dismissed due to his failure to prosecute and comply with an order of the Court. (Doc. 9.) The Court also warned Plaintiff that if he failed to timely comply with that order, the Court would dismiss this action. (*Id.*) More than fourteen days have passed, and Plaintiff has not complied with the order or otherwise communicated with the Court.

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) gives this Court the authority to dismiss a case for "failure of the plaintiff to prosecute or to comply with these rules or any order of the court." *See, e.g., Nye Capital Appreciation Partners, L.L.C. v. Nemchik*, 483 F. App'x 1, 9 (6th Cir. 2012); *Knoll v. Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.*, 176 F.3d 359, 362–63 (6th Cir. 1999). The Court examines four factors when considering dismissal under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b):

(1) whether the party's failure is due to willfulness, bad faith, or fault; (2) whether the adversary was prejudiced by the dismissed party's conduct; (3) whether the dismissed party was warned that failure to cooperate could lead to dismissal; and

(4) whether less drastic sanctions were imposed or considered before dismissal was ordered.

*Wu v. T.W. Wang, Inc.*, 420 F.3d 641, 643 (6th Cir. 2005); *see Reg'l Refuse Sys., Inc. v. Inland Reclamation Co.*, 842 F.2d 150, 155 (6th Cir. 1988).

As to the first factor, the Court finds that Plaintiff's failure to respond to or comply with the Court's previous order is due to Plaintiff's willfulness and/or fault. Specifically, it appears that Plaintiff received the Court's order, but chose not to comply therewith. As such, the first factor weighs in favor of dismissal. As to the second factor, the Court finds that Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Court's order has not prejudiced Defendants. As to the third factor, the Court warned Plaintiff that the Court would dismiss this case if he failed to comply with the Court's order. Finally, as to the fourth factor, the Court finds that alternative sanctions would not be effective. Plaintiff was proceeding *in forma pauperis* (Doc. 5) in this matter, and he has not communicated with the Court since submitting a notice of change of address approximately five months ago. (See Doc. 7.)

For the reasons set forth above, the Court concludes that the relevant factors weigh in favor of dismissal of Plaintiff's action pursuant to Rule 41(b) and the Court **CERTIFIES** that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith.

**SO ORDERED.**

/s/ *Travis R. McDonough*

**TRAVIS R. MCDONOUGH  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE**